(d) What do you mean by ratio decendi?

(e) Who gve the concept of 'rule of law'?

(f) Differentiate between single and dual citizenship with example.

(g) Give one example how to write citation.

(h) Define empirical research.

SECTION-B

2. Attempt any two parts of the following : 6×2=12

(a) Make a flow chart of classification of law and briefly explain each of them.

(b) Discuss the theories of precedent

(c) Briefly explain the jurisdiction of supreme court and High Court according to the constitution of India.

(d) Differentiate between case analysis and preparation of briefs.

SECTION-C

Note :– Attempt all questions from this section. Attempt any two parts from each question. 5×8=40

3. (a) Discuss in detail the meaning and nature of law.

(b) Write the differences between substantive and procedural law.

(c) What are the differences between private and public law?

4. (a) What do you understand by legislation? What are its kinds? Briefly explain.

(b) Write the differences between ratio decideni and obiter dicta.

(c) Define custom. What is the difference between custom and usage?

5. (a) "Constitution is a the basic document of the country". Briefly explain the salient features of the Indian constitution.

I.P.T.O.

Int. LL.B Examination 2017-2018

(First Semester)

(Special Carry Over Paper)

LEGAL METHOD

Time : 3 Hours]   *[Maximum Marks : 60*

Note :– Attempt all questions.

SECTION-A

Note :– This section contains very short answer type questions.

1. Attempt all parts of the following :   8×1=8

   (a) Austin's definition of law.

   (b) Who gave the concept and 'Social Solidarity'?

   (c) Define General customs.

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6. (a) What do you understand by doctrinal and non-doctrinal method of legal research?

   (b) What is the importance of citations and bibliography in legal research?

   (c) Write short notes on the following :

       (i) Journals

       (ii) Reports

(b) Explain the doctrine of rule of law. Is it an integral part of Indian constitution?

(c) Make a flow chart of Hierarchy of courts in India. Discuss the doctrine of stare decisis.

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