

(g) What do you understand by consumer surplus?

(h) Explain neutral equilibrium.

SECTION 'B'

Note : Attempt any two parts of the following : $6 \times 2 = 12$

2. (a) What is the meaning of consumer's surplus?
How do we calculate it in terms of diminishing marginal utility?
- (b) Explain clearly how ordinal utility approach is superior to cardinal utility approach.
- (c) Explain the factors affecting elasticity of demand.
- (d) Explain the properties of perfect competition market.

SECTION 'C'

Note : Attempt all question from this section. Attempt any two parts from each question : $8 \times 5 = 40$

3. (a) Explain the nature and scope of Economics.

- (b) Distinguish between partial and general equilibrium.
- (c) Define and analyse the law of diminishing marginal utility.
4. (a) Explain the properties of indifference curves.
- (b) Explain income effect with the help of indifference curve.
- (c) What are factors affecting quantity demanded? Explain.
5. (a) Explain the degrees of elasticity with the help of diagrams.
- (b) What is the distinction between necessities, comforts and luxuries? How does it affect elasticity?
- (c) What is the difference between returns to a factor and returns to a scale? Explain various stages of these returns.
6. (a) What are properties of monopolistic competition market?

[P. T. O.]

- (b) How is the equilibrium of a firms calculated by total cost and total revenue method under perfect competition market?
- (c) Explain the Ricardian theory of rent with assumption and graph.