



2. Attempt any four parts of the following :  $5 \times 4 = 20$

- (a) Discuss dematerialized account (DEMAT).
- (b) What are the methods of voting in general meeting?
- (c) Disadvantages of incorporation.
- (d) Issue of shares at 'premium'.
- (e) What are the exceptions to the doctrine of indoor management?
- (f) Debentures of registered holder and bearer debenture.

3. Attempt any two parts of the following :  $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Describe briefly the different methods of winding up of a company.
- (b) Define charge. Discuss the kinds of charges.
- (c) What is the meaning of investigation? What are the differences between investigation and inspection? Briefly discuss the powers of Inspectors.

4. Attempt any two parts of the following :  $10 \times 2 = 20$
- (a) What is a company meeting? Examine carefully the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 2013 relating to various company meetings.
  - (b) Define Prospectus. It is necessary to issue a prospectus? Describe the liabilities of directors regarding misstatement in prospectus.
  - (c) What are the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 2013 as to the number, appointment and remuneration of directors of a company?
5. Attempt any four parts of the following :  $5 \times 4 = 20$
- (a) Discuss share and its nature. State the rules of allotment of shares.
  - (b) Write the difference between share and debenture.
  - (c) "The most important features of an incorporated company is its distinct and independent legal personality".
  - (d) Differentiate between 'Additional Director' and Alternative Director.

*[ P. T. O. ]*

- (e) Certificate of incorporation and certificate of commencement of business.
- (f) Explain the concept of corporate veil with the help of decided cases. State the circumstances when it can be lifted.

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