THESIS REPORT

ON

<u>"INTER STATE BUS TERMINAL, DRWARKA, DELHI"</u>

A THESIS SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEGREE OF:

> BACHELOR OF ARCHITECTURE BY

> > **ARPIT SHISHODIA**

1170101009

THESIS GUIDE

PROF. KESHAV KUMAR

SESSION

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ARCHITECTURAL THSIS 2021-22

TO THE

SCHOOL OF ARCHITECTURE AND PLANNING BABU BANARASI DAS UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW.

CERTIFICATE

I hereby recommend that the thesis entitled "INTER STATE BUS TERMINAL, DWARKA, DELHI "under the supervision, is the bonafide work of the students and can be accepted as partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Bachelor's degree in architecture, school of Architecture and Planning, BBDU, Lucknow.

Prof. Mohit Kumar Agarwal Dean of Department Prof. Sangeeta Sharma Head of Department

Recommendation Accepted

Not Accepted

External Examiner External Examiner

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- 1. Name : ARPIT SHISHODIA
- 2. Roll No. : **1170101009**
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(Signature(s) of the supervisor) Name:

(Signature of the Candidate) Name:Arpit Shishodia Roll No.: 1170101009

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CONTENT

TOPIC

PAGE NO.

| 1. INTRODUCTION | 7-13 |
|--|-------|
| 2. SITE ANALYSIS | 14-23 |
| 3. CASE STUDIES AND LITERATURE STUDIES | 24-47 |
| 4. CONCEPT | 48-54 |
| 5. AREA ANALYSIS | |
| 6. REFERENCES | 60 |
| 7. DRAWINGS | 61-70 |

INTER-STATE BUS TERMINAL, DELHI

Project Introduction-

The Delhi Transport Infrastructure Development (DTIDC), which manages the three ISBTs at Sarai Kale Khan, Kashmiri Gat3 and Anand Vihar, has a 27 acre-plot in sector 22 of Dwarka. It is expected to register daily presence of 1.5 lakh passengers.

A large number of Volvo buses come to IGI Airport from Punjab, bringing passengers to catch international flights. The terminal will also have huge multi-level parking with private cars and two wheelers so that the people using buses to commute out of the city and can leave vehicles there. A hotel is also planned in complex to the International Airport, number of passengers may need accommodation for a brief time span.

History and Background-

A multi modular transportation center point is generally a social affair place for individuals to get to nearby and local goals just as giving a spot to individuals to get to neighborhood enhancement and work openings. Transportation is one of the most significant necessities for the guide of correspondence from one spot to other. Various factors like the accommodation from one spot to the next, advancement of the travel industry for correspondence between places, moving products and so on. It is basic to give composed offices in the framework as transportation is worried about the development among birthplace and goal includes the development of individual and merchandise, there is a requirement for a passageway in the framework for use.

Transportation is not just about highways, shuttle planes, trains and bicycles, it is foremost about the people.

Need of Topic-

The state of the bus terminals has separate bus bays for local and intercity buses, plus waiting areas equipped with book stalls and restaurants, clean and modern rest rooms and even a hotel in the complex for transiting passengers. It is going to develop on a sprawling 10.9 hectares space in Dwarka. The ISBT in required to take into account over 1.5 lakhs suburbanites' day by day and the arrangement is to have between state transports from Haryana to Rajasthan to end itself to diminish the blockage in the city. The all-out traveler trips everyday cooked by street-based vehicles are 15.97 lakhs out of which is about 9.54 lakhs (60%) are suburbanites. Majority of such trips are by bus. Out of four new Interstate Bus Terminals (ISBT) as proposed in MPD-2001 yet to be developed as a metropolitan Rail Terminal, only one at Anand Vihar in East Delhi has been developed. The terminal at Dwarka (Bhartal) has also been included in Dwarka Project. The remaining two at Okhla (Madanpur Khadar) and Narela (Holambi Kalan) have not been developed.

Aims-

Aim is to explore the urban spaces and the connectivity towards each other and how the problem are tackled through architecture and ISBT is one of the project in which the importance of movement is shown. Moreover, this place will connect to the various places of the outskirts of the city which will reduce the traffic congestion in the city.

Bus terminal also have positive effect on the city development by connecting them with each other and helps to develop and establish more of residential, commercial etc. thus, spreading people all around for work as well as to live. The aim is to incorporate commercial activities with the flawless circulation with sustainable aspects and keeping in mind the residential and school area around the site

Objectives-

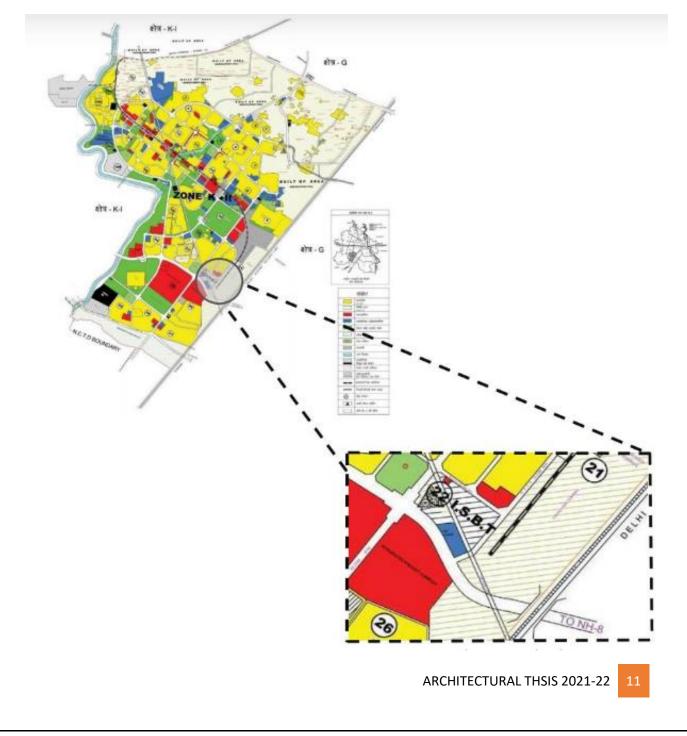
- To improve the transportation system by planning a good flow in circulation and movement.
- To serve transportation facility people living in West Delhi.
- Buses to terminate from entering into the city.
- Separate paths for pedestrian and vehicles which will help in reduce accidents.

Scope and Limitations-

The scope of study and design for the project are-

- Inter connectivity between various mode of transport (Metro, Airport, Railway Station, etc).
- Requirements for a maximum number of passenger per day in both directions.
- Studying the various technological advancement in the field of surveillance system, communication system, firefighting system, etc.
- Circulation pattern- pattern flow of passengers and buses.
- Entry and exit for private and commercial vehicles.

Land Use Map-



Land use map

Google image-



Site Details-

Location: The site is located at Dwarka Sec.22, Delhi opposite

Dwarka Sec. 21 Metro Station.

Approach: Site can be easily approached by Dwarka Sec. 22

road and Dwarka Sec. 21 Metro Station.

Site Area- 1,00,000 sq.m.

Tentative requirement and estimated built-up-

Entrance Hall- 1000 sq.m.

Departure and Arrival Hall- 1300sq.m.

Waiting Hall- 3500 sq.m.

Office- 15000 sq.m.

Dormitories- 2000 sq.m.

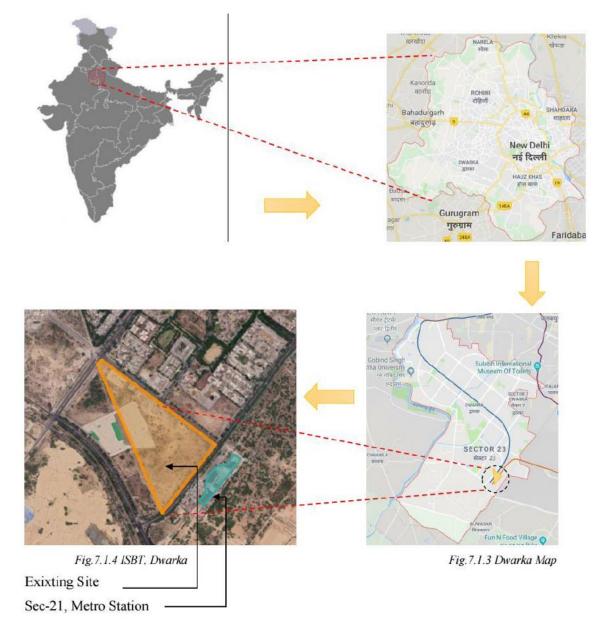
Information Area- 1000 sq.m.

Commercial Area- 8500 sq.m.

Services- 1000 sq.m.

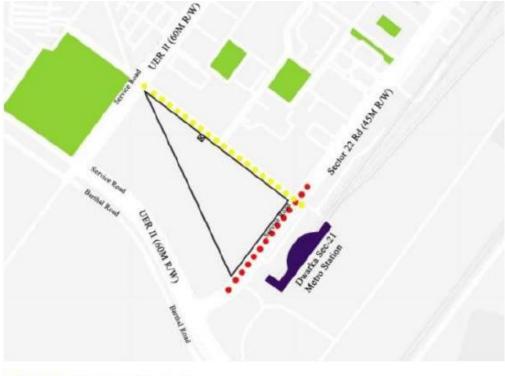
SITE ANALYSIS

Dwarka is a residential neighborhood at the western edge of the Indian Capital, New Delhi. Framed by the winding Najafgarh drain to the west drain river to the west, it's home to sacred sites like the red roofed ISKCON Dwarka Temple and the sprawling Dada Dev Mandir Hindu Temple Complex.





The site is in triangular shape surrounded by 30m and 45m Right of Way (RoW)



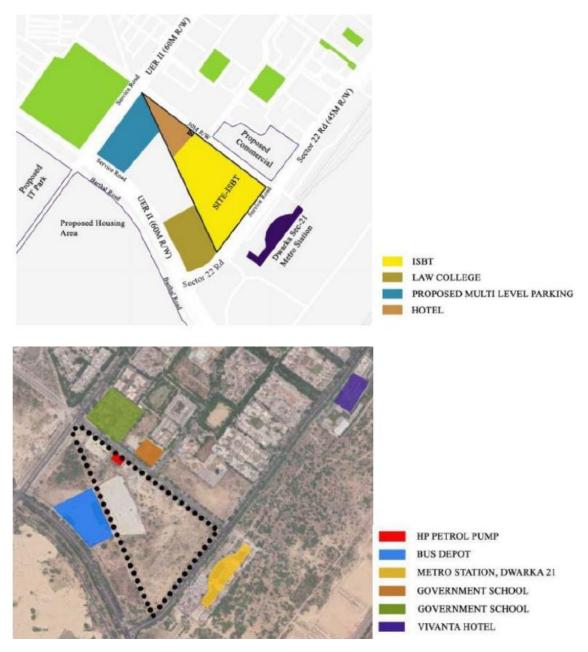
30 M WIDE ROAD

DEVELOPMENT NORMS

- Plot Area: 113129 sqm = 28 Acres
- Permissible Ground Coverage 25%: 28282 sqm = 6.9 Acres
- Permissible F.A.R. 70%: 79190 sqm built-up
- Permissible Height: 22m
- Parking: @ 2 ECS per 100 sqm of builtup

URBAN CONTEXT

On the right side of the road, there are residential multistoried apartments, secondary school and on the other side across 45m RoW, Dwarka Sector 21, metro station is there on th existing site a HP petrol pump and government vehicle impoundment pit are present.



TOPOGRAPHY

- Relatively flat land
- The slope is very gentle sloping towards the west
- Ground water at 21m

VEGETATION

• The site mainly contains the deciduous trees and shrubs

CLIMATOLOGY

SUN PATH DIAGRAM

SUMMER SOLSTICE- 21st June

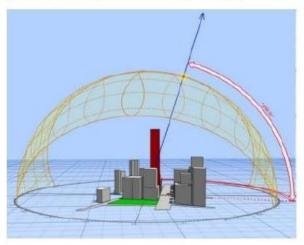


Fig. 7.7.1 Summer solstice

| SOLAR INFORMATION | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| AZI / ALT | 103.50°/ 72.85° | | | |
| RISE / SET | 04:54 / 18:52 | | | |
| DAYLIGHT | 13:58 hrs | | | |

AUTUMN EQUINOX-23rd September

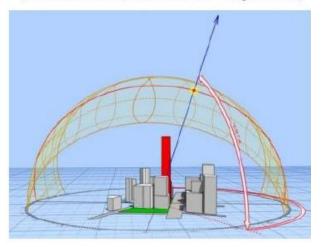


Fig.7.7.2 Autumn Equinox

| RMATION |
|------------------|
| 149.37º / 57.63º |
| 05:39 / 17:47 |
| 12:08 hrs |
| |

WINTER SOLSTICE- 22nd March

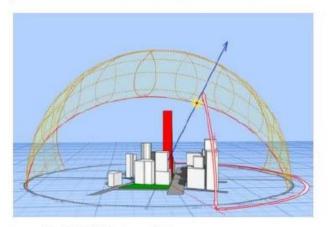


Fig.7.7.3 Winter solstice

| SOLAR INFO | RMATION |
|------------|----------------|
| AZI / ALT | 160.43°/35.32° |
| RISE / SET | 06:40 / 16:59 |
| DAYLIGHT | 10:19 hrs |

SPRING EQUINOX- 21rd March

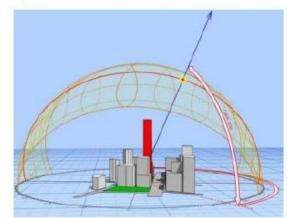


Fig.7.7.4 Spring Equinox

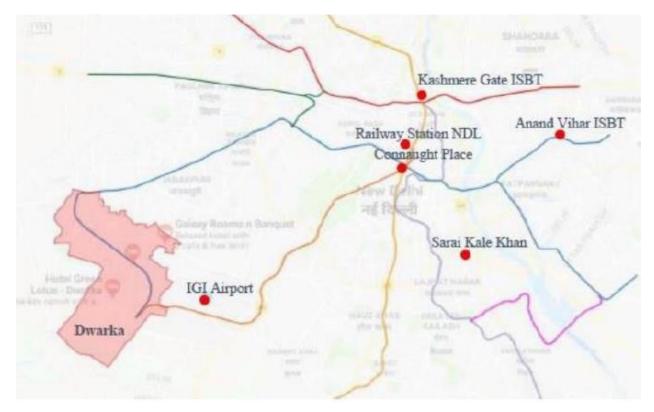
| SOLAR INFO | RMATION |
|------------|-----------------|
| AZI / ALT | 143.39°/ 55.46° |
| RISE / SET | 05:56 / 18:02 |
| DAYLIGHT | 12:06 hrs |

WIND CHART

| Month of year | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1-12 |
| Dominant wind direction | * | * | * | * | * | * | ٣ | 7 | * | + | * | * | * |
| Wind probability >= 4 Beaufort (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 13 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| Average Wind speed (kts) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Average air temp. (°C) | 16 | 21 | 27 | 34 | 37 | 36 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 30 | 24 | 19 | 28 |

TRAFFIC STUDY AND MOVEMENT PATTERNS

METRO CONNECTIVITY

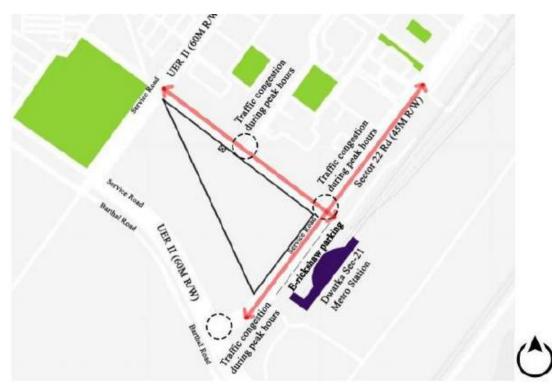


IMPORTANT PLACES NEAR THE SITE

| IMPORTANT PLACES | DISTANCE (in km) | |
|---------------------------|------------------|--|
| IGI Airport | 3 | |
| HH 8 | 6 | |
| Dhaula Kaun | 15 | |
| Connaught Place | 18 | |
| ISBT Kashmere Gate | 29 | |
| New Delhi Railway Station | 23 | |
| ISBT Sarai Kale Khan | 30 | |

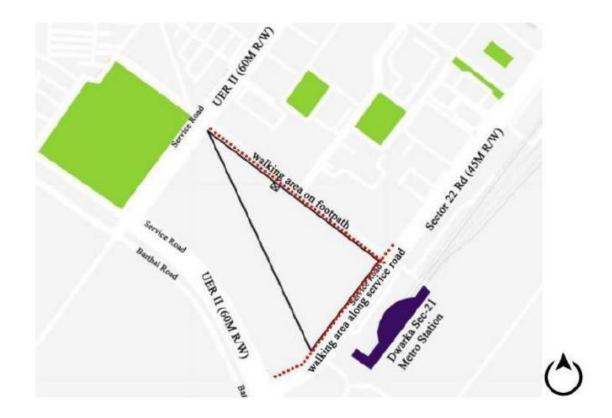
VEHICULAR MOVEMENT

The major vehicular movement is on the road adjacent to metro station as it serves as only catchment area for drop off and pick-ups from the metro station, major e-rickshaw, autos and private parking is directed by this road.

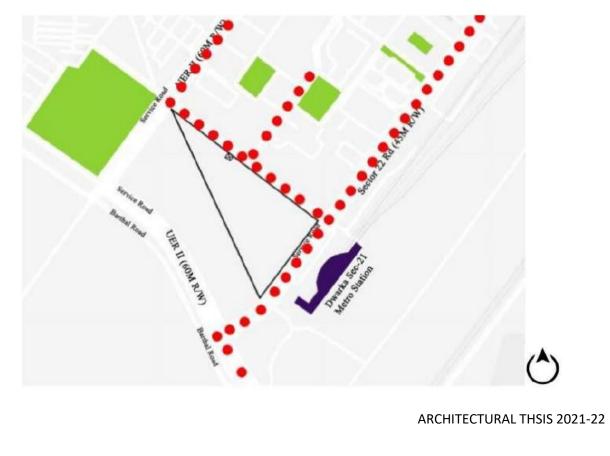


PEDESTRIAN MOVEMENT

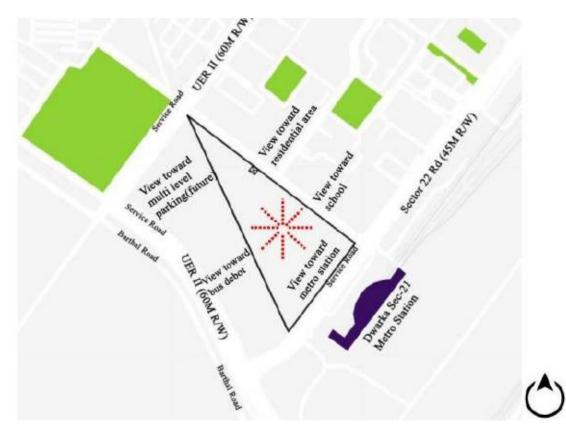
Movement along the two sides of the site, used by the resident and the metro users, even the street hawkers also participate on the pedestrian movement.



EXISTING PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION MOVEMENT



VIEWS FROM THE SITE



SITE SURROUNDING PICTURES



METRO STATION

RESIDENCE

GOVERNMENT SCHOOL

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

VEIW FROM 30 M WIDE ROAD



VIEW FROM 45 M WIDE ROAD



CASE STUDIES AND LITERATURE STUDIES

1. MAHARANA PRATAP ISBT, KASHMEERI GATE, DELH

INTRODUCTION:

THE MAHABANA PRATAP INTER-STATE BUS TERMINUS (ISBT) POPULARLY KNOWN AS KASHMIRI GATE ISBT, LOCATED IN DELHI IS THE OLDEST AND ONE OF THE BIGGEST INTER STATE BUS TERMINALS IN INDIA.

SPREAD OVER AN AREA OF ABOUT 13.8 AGRES, IT HANDLES OVER 4000 BUSES & DAY. IT OPERATES BUS SERVICES BETWEEN DELHI AND 7 OTHER REGIONS:

- . HARYANA
- . JAMMU AND KASHMIR
- · PUNJAB
- . HIMACHAL PRADECH
- · UTTAR PRADECH
- * RAJASTHAN
- . UTTABAKHAND

ABCHITECT AR. RAJINDEA KUMA COMPLETED 1971 RENOVATED 2013 SITE ABEA 56,126 SQ.M. CAPACITY 4000 BUSES

PER DAY DISTRIBUTION:

SITE PLAN:

- NO. OF PASSENGERS- 2 LAKHS
- · OTHER USERS- 18,000-22,000
- · BUS TEIPS- 25,000-30,000
- · OCCUPANCY IN PEAK HOURS-50/BUS

নাগনিদ বস্থ_

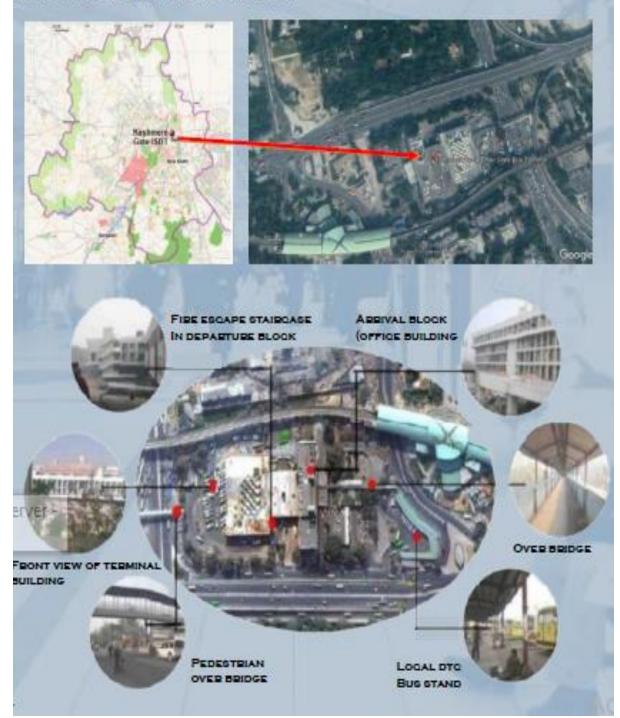
- . INCOMING PASSENGERS- 66,000
- . OUTGOING PASSENGERS- 1,34,000
- . PEAK HOUR LOAD 20,000



· PERMISIBLE GROUND COVERAGE- 25% · EXISTING BUILT UP- 30,169 SQ.M.

LOCATION:

KASHMIRI GATE IS LOCATED IN NORTH DELHI IN THE OLD DELHI AREA, IT IS IN CLOSE VICINITY TO THE BED FORT AND THE OLD DELHI BAILWAY STATION



CONNECTIVITY THROUGH METRO:

THE KASHMIBI GATE IS A DELHI METBO STATION IN DELHI, ON THE RED LINE (DILSHAD GARDEN-RITHALA), YELLOW LINE (GAMAYPUR BADLY-HUDA GITY GENTER) AND VIOLET LINE (TO BAJA NAHAR SINGH). IT IS A TRANSFER STATION BETWEEN THE RED LINE ON THE HIGHEST UPPER LEVEL, THE YELLOW LINE ON THE LOWEST UNDERGROUND LEVEL AND VIOLET LINE ON THE PARALLEL UNDERGROUND LEVEL. KASHMIRI GATE ALSO SERVES AS THE HEADQUARTERS OF DELHI METRO.

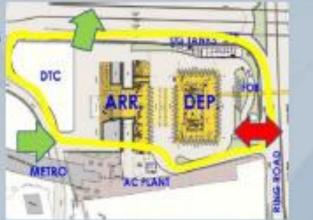


DESIGN PRINCIPLES:

- SEGREGATION OF DIFFERENT MODES OF TRANSPORT AND ACTIVITIES
- SEGREGATION OF ALIGHTING AND BOARDING PLATFORMS
- BEGREGATION OF INCOMING AND OUTGOING PASSENGERS AT TWO LEVELS

CIRCULATION:

- AN EFFICIENT CIRCULATION
 IS FOLLOWED IN THE ISBT. THERE IS
 SEGREGATION IN CIRCULATION OF
 BUSES AND OTHER LIGHT VEHICLES
 TRAFFIC DUE TO DIFFERENCE IN
 MOVEMENT CHARACTER.
- THERE IS A SEPARATE ENTRY AND EXIT POINTS FOR INTER-CITY AND INTRA-CITY BUG SERVICES.
- THERE IS A PROPER SEGREGATION
 FOR VEHICULAR AND PEDESTRIAN
 MOVEMENT



THE PEDESTRIAN MOVEMENT CAN BE ALLOWED IN FOUR WAYS-METRO STATION VIA PRIVA

VIA TAXI AND AUTO

VIA PEIVATE TRANSPORT PEDESTRIAN ENTRY TO ARRIVAL BLOCK



PEDESTRIAN ENTRY



 BUSES ARRIVES AT ARRIVAL BLOCK THEN LEAD TO THE IDLE OR DEPARTURE BAYS.

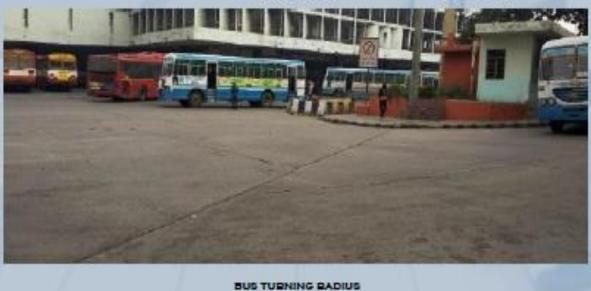
- TO EXIT THEY TAKE A FULL
 BOUND OF THE COMPLEX TO EXIT
- . FOR EXIT, TWO LANES ARE
- . PROVIDED BUT ONLY ONE IS
- . FUNCTIONAL





BUSES ENTRY

BUSES EXIT



FEATURES:

PASSENGERS AT KASHMIDI GATE ISBT IN DELHI GAN NOW ENJOY BETTER AMENITIES WITH THE INAUGURATION OF THE RENOVATED FACILITY HAVING AN AIR CONDITION WAITING LOUNGE, FOOD COURT, GLASS ELEVATOR AND ESCALATORS. IT HAS BEEN DESCRIBED BY DELHI GOVERNMENT AS 'AIRPORT LIKE' IN ITS FACILITIES





THE BEDEVELOPED ISBT IS DESIGNED AS A STATE OF THE ABT. MODEEN INTEGRATED BUS TERMINAL. WHILE MODEEN IN ITS DESIGN AND APPEARANCE. THE DESIGN CAREFULLY INCORPORATES FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

THE REPURBISHED ISBT HAS STATE-OPTHE-ART FACILITIES, INCLUDING ESCALATORS, GLASS ELEVATORS, A GENTRALLY AIR CONDITIONED DEPARTURE AND WAITING AREA, A HIGH SPEED WI-FI ZONE, LED SCREENS, CCTV SURVEILLANCE, PARKING, HI-TECH PUBLIC, CONVENIENCE, INFORMATION KIOGKS, AN RO PLANT AND A SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT





CLEARLY MARKED AND WELL CONSTRUCTED BUSES ROUTES AND WALKWAYS WHICH MAKES THE MOVEMENT PLEASANT AND SAFE

STRUCTURE:

- THE STRUCTURE IS INSPIRED WITH THE LE CORBUSIER WORKS THAT IS THE CONCRETE STRUCTURE AND THE EGG GRATE FACADE.
- IN THIS STRUCTURE THE FAGADE IS INSTALLED WITH THE VERTICAL LOUVERS AT A GERTAIN ANGLE TO ENTER ONLY THE DIFFUSE LIGHT
- The beam and the column structure are heavy to balance the massive structure.
- EGG GRATE STRUCTURE ALL OVER THE ELEVATION AT 45° ANGLE TO AVOID DIRECT SUNLIGHT IN THE BUILDING.
- . BRACING WITH STEEL MEMBER TO SUPPORT LONG SPAN BRIDGE.



. COFFEE GLAB FOR LARGER SPAN SLABS TO AVOID COLUMN

SKYLIGHT TO ENTER DAY LIGHT INSTEAD OF ARTIFICIAL LIGHT AND SAVES ELECTRICITY.









RCC AND STEEL COLUMNS TO SUPPORT THE HEAVY

ARRIVAL BLOCK:

GBOUND FLOOR

- IT IS ABBIVAL BLOCK 19 UNLOADING PLATFORMS, ANGULAR BAYS FOR THE UNLOADING OPERATION.
- THERE ARE SUFFICIENT NUMBERS OF PUBLIC AMENITIES PROVIDED IN THIS AREA.

FIRST FLOOR

- THE MAIN ENTRANCE LEVEL OF THE FIRST FLOOP LINKS THE OUTGOING PORCH TO THE ENTRY.
- LOUNGE AND FACILITIES LIKE POST OFFICE, ENQUIPY AND BANK ARE PROVIDED AT THIS LEVEL.

SECOND TO FOURTH FLOOR-

- MAINTENANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF IS ACCOMMODATED ON THE SECOND FLOOP AND VARIOUS TRANSPORT COMPANY.
- OFFICES AND OTHER TERMINAL STAFF ON THE THIRD AND FOURTH FLOOR.

FIFTH FLOOR

 FIFTH FLOOP WAS DESIGNED TO ACCOMMODATE THE TRANSIT ORIENTED HOTEL FOR OVERNIGHT STAYING PASSENGERS, BUT NOW THE COMPLETE FLOOP IS USED AS OFFICERS OF DELHI ADMINISTRATION FOR EARNING REVENUE.

SIXTH FLOOP

- SIXTH FLOOD HAS BEEN DESIGNED FOD DESIDENTIAL USE BY FULL TIME STAFF AND SOME ADMINISTRATIVE.
- * STAFF WITH THE FACILITIES AND DOUBLE BEDROOM FLAT AND SINGLE BEDROOM FLAT.
- LOUVERS HAVE BEEN PROVIDED FOR BETTER LIVING ACCOMMODATION.

LINK BLOCK:

- IT IS A CONNECTING BLOCK BETWEEN ABBIVAL AND DEPARTURE BLOCK AT FIRST FLOOR LEVEL
- THIS BLOCK WAS DESIGNED FOR TICKET BOOTHS FOR EACH PARKING BERTH.
- SMALL ENQUIPY OFFICES OF DIFFERENT STATE TOURISM AND SMALL SECURITY CELL ARE PROVIDED IN THE CENTER ABOUND A LARGE DIAMETER.
- * THIS BLOCK HAS A LARGE WAITING AREA TO FACILITATE PASSENGER.
- THE WAITING AREA IN THE LINK BLOCK IS NOT USED AS MUCH BECAUSE PASSENGER HAVE TENDENCY TO WAIT NEAR THE DEPARTURE PLATFORM OF THE BUS

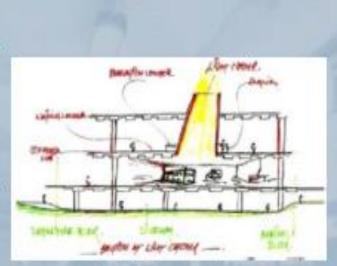
THERMAL COMFORT AND DAY LIGHTING:

THE ENTIRE BUILDING IS QUITE COOL IN THE SUMMER BECAUSE IT IS HEAVILY LOUVERS ON ALL SIDES WHICH PREVENT THE DIRECT SUNLIGHT, PREVENTING DIRECT HEATING OF INTERNAL AREAS. THE MASSIVE BOOF LIGHTS OVER DEPARTURE AREA AID IN NATURAL LIGHTING



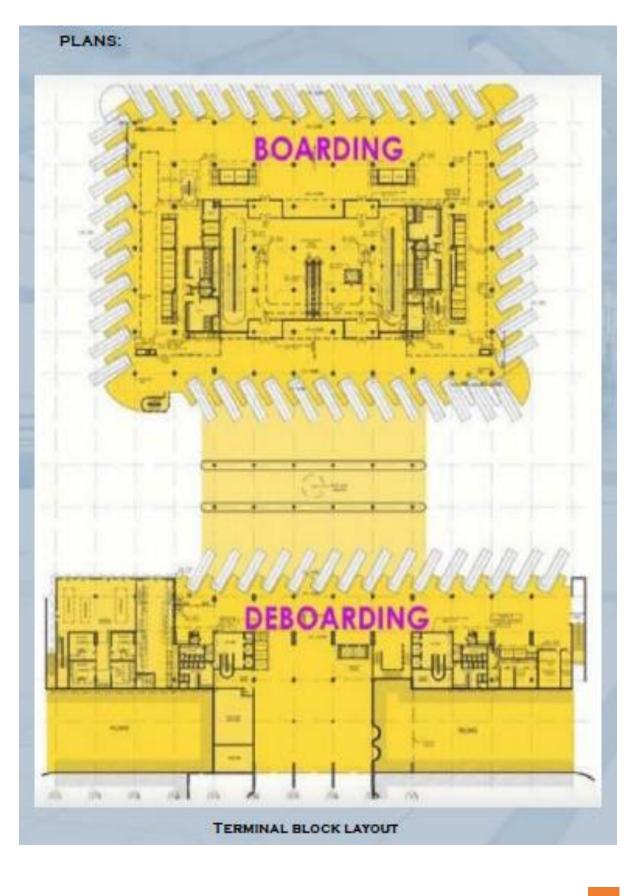
DEPARTURE BLOCK:

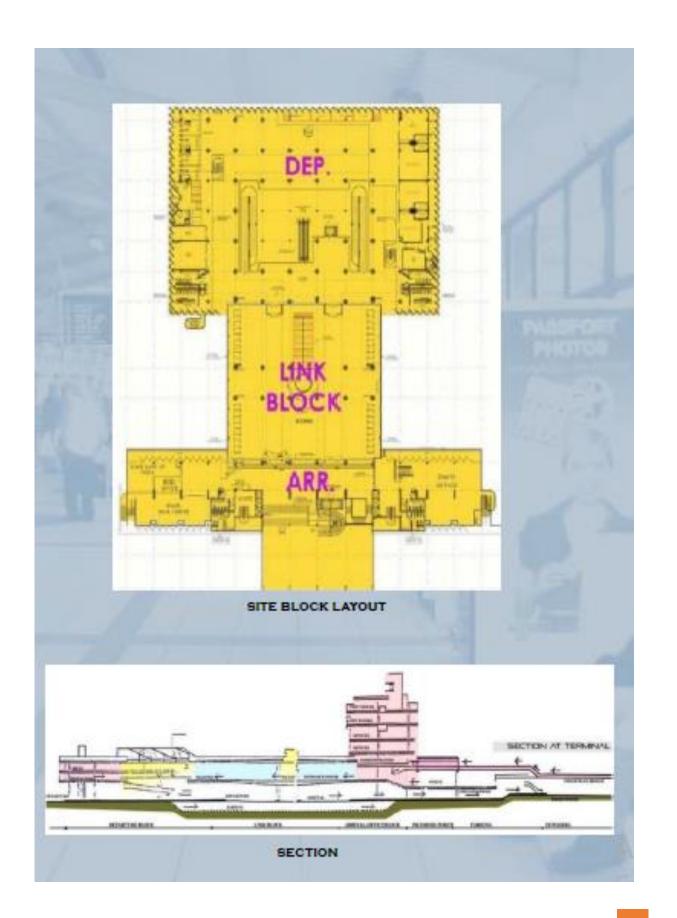
- DEPARTURE BLOCK IS DIVIDED INTO TWO LEVELS.
- THE LOWER ONE FOR USE OF OUTGOING PASSENGERS AND BUSES.
- THE UPPER LEVEL FOR WAITING OUT GEATING PURPOSES. A MEZZANINE IS ALSO PROVIDED TO THE HOUSES, OFFICES, RESTROOMS OF BUS CREW.
 THE UPPER LEVEL IS NOT BEING USED TO ITS FULL EXTENT HENCE CREATING CONGESTION AT LOWER LEVEL.
- KIOSKS AND STALLS HAVE BEEN LOCATED BETWEEN THE BUS BAY AND THE WAITING ABEA TO ATTRACT LOTS OF PASSENGERS TO COME.



PUBLIC FACILITIES:

| TOILET | GENTS- 74NOS. LADIES- 64NOS. | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| WATER POINTS | 75NOS. | | | |
| PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM | 1 NO. | | | |
| POLICE POST | 1 NO. | | | |
| CLOAKROOM | 1 NO. | | | |
| ENQUIRY AND BOOTH | 2 NO. | | | |
| DELUXE TOILET | GENTS-3NOS. LADIES-2NOS. | | | |
| WATER COOLERS | 10NOS. | | | |
| DIESEL GENERATOR SET | 2NOS. | | | |





1. VIVEKANAND ISBT, ANAND VIHAR, DELHI

INTRODUCTION:

- ANAND VIHAB TRANSMIT HUB IS LOCATED IN ANAND VIHAB LOCALITY OF EAST DELHI WHERE THE THREE MODES OF TRANSPORTATION (RAILWAYS, METRO AND BUS TERMINAL) MEET WITHIN A DISTANCE OF 50 M.
- THE ISBT AT ANAND VIHAB IS A CITY'S CLOSEST LINK TO THE NEIGHBORING STATES LIKE UTTAR PRADECH AND UTTARAKHAND. THE LOCAL DTC AND CLUSTER BUSES ALSO PLY FROM ANAND VIHAR ISBT, WHERE ABOUND 1800-2000 LOCAL BUSES EVERYDAY.
- BUILT IN 1993, THE INTER STATE BUG TERMINUG IS ONE THE MOST BUGIEST TRANSPORT HUB IN THE AREA, CONNECTING EAST DELHI WITH THE REST THE CITY AND THE NCR THROUGH METRO.



CONNECTIONS:

- · DELHI METRO
- DELHI TRANSPORTATION CORPORATION
- · UTTAR PRADESH BOADWAYS
- · UTTABAKHAND TRANSPORT CORPORATION

PROVISIONS:

- PARKING FOR 207 BUSES, 171 AUTO RICKSHAWS, 27 TAXIS, 438 TWO WHEELERS AND 143 CARS.
- SEPARATE ENTRANCES AND EXITS WILL BE PROVIDED FOR BUSES, AUTO BICKSHAWS AND TAXIS IN ORDER TO AVOID CONGESTION.
- APART FROM THIS A WELL PLANNED NETWORK OF FOOT OVER BRIDGE WITH ESCALATORS AND ELEVATORS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED. THIS WILL ALLOW EASY AND SAFE MOVEMENT OF PEDESTRIANS BETWEEN THE TERMINALS, METRO AND BAILWAY STATION.
- THE BELEASE GAID ISBT ANAND VIHAB WILL BE A "GREEN BUILDING" AND ALL MODES OF ENERGY CONSERVATION LIKE HEAT PROOF DESIGN, PROPER LIGHTING AND VENTILATION WILL INCORPORATED IN DESIGN ITSELF. THE TERMINAL WILL BE SECURED WITH CCTV AND BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

LOCATION:

- ANAND VIHAB ISBT IS LOCATED BESIDES ANAD VIHAB METRO STATION AND ANAD VIHAB BAILWAY STATION
- IT CAN BE REACHED FROM KAUGHAMBI METRO STATION NOT MORE THAN 500 M.
- IT IS LOCATED AT A DISTANCE OF 1.2 KM FROM DAY PUBLIC SCHOOL.

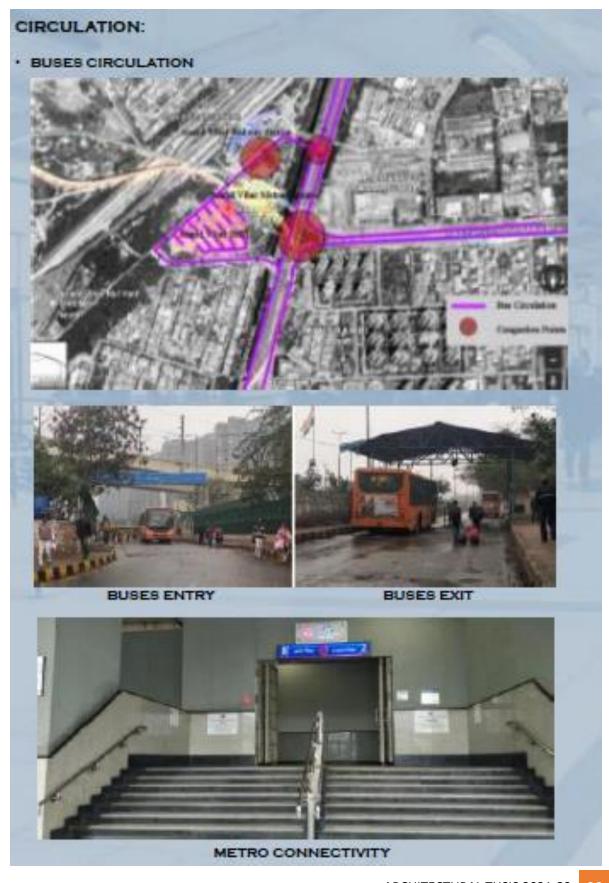




APPROACH:

- You can also book a taxi of an auto from different places in Delhi to Anand Vihar ISBT. The local Delhi state buses also provide services to Anand Vihar ISBT.
- You can get to Anand Vihab ISBT via metro. The Anand Vihab metro station is adjacent to the bug station. The Anand Vihab metro station is an interchange metro station logated on the blue & pink line of the Delhi metro.





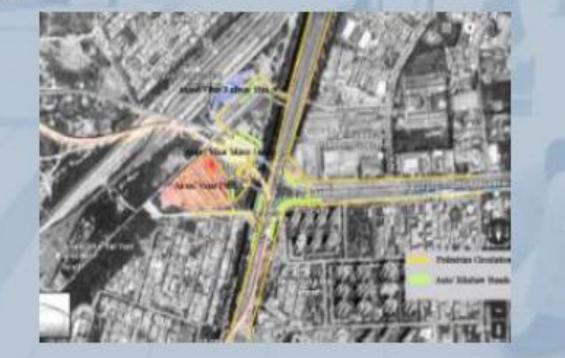


AUTO DROP OFF

ROUND ABOUT

REDESTRIAN CIRCULATION:

- THESE WERE AS SUCH NO PEDESTRIAN PATHWAYS TO MOVE ABOUND. FOOTPATHS WERE THESE FOR THE DROP AREAS WHERE PEOPLE COULD STAND BUT NO SEGREGATIONS BETWEEN THE BOADS WHERE BUS AND PEDESTRIAN IS HAPPENING.
- DRAINS WERE OPEN AND UNHEALTHY CONDITION NEAR THE SITTING AREA AND BUS BOARDING BAYS.



DESIGN INFERENCES:

THERE ARE FOUR PLATFORMS.

- . PLATFORM A: 36 BAYS FOR LOCAL BUSES
- . PLATFORM B: 36 BAYS FOR INTERSTATE AND LOCAL BUSES
- . PLATFORM & AND D: 46 BAYS FOR UP AND UTTARAKHAND



LOCAL BUSES

INTERSTATE BUSES

TICKET COUNTERS ARE THE PLATFORMS WHICH WERE CONGESTED AT PEAK HOURS DUE TO LACK OF MANAGEMENT

OPEN DRAINS CAUSE TO UNHYGIENIC CONDITION ALL ABOUND.



TOILETS ARE PROVIDED NEAR THE DEOP OFF AREA OF E-RICKSHAWS AND AUTO RICKSHAWS



SHOP UNITS ARE ON PLATFORM ARE MORE THAN HALF WIDTH OF THE PLATFORM WHICH AFFECT THE PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION. PASSENGERS HAVE TO WALK ON THE ROAD TO ACCESS THE PLATFORMS





SHOP UNITS

ROADS



BOARDING BAY

IDLE BOARDING BAY

FEATURES:

- DRINKING WATER TAPS AND COOLERS.
- SEPARATE TOILET FACILITIES FOR MALES AND FEMALES.
- · POLICE POST, BANK, AND POST OFFICE.
- SITTING CHAIRS, LIGHTS AND FANS FACILITY ON EVERY PLATFROM WITH THE AUTOMATIC GENERATE SYSTEM.
- PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM.
- CLOAKROOM, PORTER, PCO/STD/ISD, PARKING OF TAXI SCOOTER TONGA STAND
- CABINS FOR DISTRIBUTION OF TICKETS
- SHOP/ COUNTERS/ TROLLEYS HAVE BEEN ALLOTED FOR ALL GENERAL ITEMS SUCH AS TEA, JUICE, FRUITS, EATABLES, NEWSPAPERS, AND MAGAZINES.

2. SLOUGH BUS STATION, ENGLAND

INTRODUCTION:

SLOUGH BUS STATION IS CONCEIVED AS A FUNCTIONAL UPBAN SCULPTURE. THE CURVED FORM AND TEXTURED ALUMINIUM SKIN CHANGES CHARACTER UNDER DIFFERENT LIGHT CONDITIONS. THE DESIGN FEATURED IN 'THE WORLD'S 10 BEST-DESIGNED BUS STATIONS' - DESIGN CURIAL

AND IN 2009 WAS CHOSEN FOR EXHIBITION IN THE ROYAL ACADEMY SUMMER EXHIBITION



PROJECT DEGIGN TEAM:

CLIENT: SLOUGH BOROUGH COUNCIL

ABCHITECT: BOLUB ABCHITECTURE - MATTHEW BEDWARD, DANIEL BÉBUBÉ, CLAYTON BLACKMAN, MIKE DEMPSEY, JOHN FOOKES, HAYLEY JOEDAN, MATTHEW KENNEDY, ANDREW LECKENBY, ANTONIO MARTINS JEFF

MOFADYEN

CRISTINA RODRIGUEZ, MATTHEW SCAMMELS.

PROJECT MANAGER; FITTON ASSOCIATES STRUCTURE & M&E ENGINEER: BURG HAPPOLD LANDGCAPE: SPACEHUS QUANTITY SURVEYOR: GARDINER & THEOBALD PLANNING CONSULTANT: DELOITTE DRIVERS JONAS

- THE CUEVED STRUCTURE PROVIDES A SHELTERED ROUTE FOR PEDESTRIANS WALKING BETWEEN THE ADJACENT BAILWAY STATION AND THE TOWN CENTRE.
- THE 130 METRE-LONG CANOPY FOLDS DOWN AT ONE END TO WEAP A GLAZED TWO-STOREY BUILDING THAT ACCOMMODATES BUS DRIVER FACILITIES, A CAPE, A NEWSAGENT, TOILETS, A WAITING BOOM AND A TICKET OFFICE.



THE BUS STATION IS PART OF A MASTERPLAN FOR THE AREA AND WILL EVENTUALLY BE SURBOUNDED BY FIVE NEW OFFICE TOWERS OF BETWEEN EIGHT

AND FOURTEEN STORIES.

THE TUBULAR STRUCTURE OF THE STATION WEAPS A TWO STOREY BUILDING AND COVERS THE PUBLIC ROUTE FROM THE BAIL STATION TROUGH TO THE CENTER OF SLOUGH



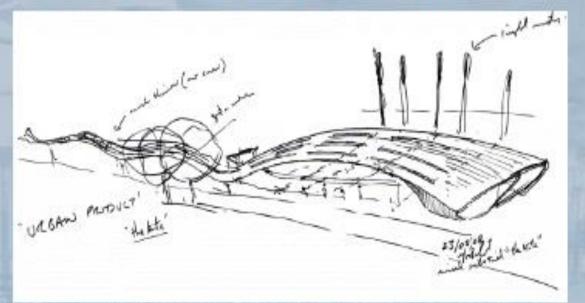
LOCATION:

THE NEADEST STATIONS TO SLOUGH BUS STATION, SLOUGH TOWN CENTRE ARE: BRUNEL WAY, SLOUGH TOWN CENTRE IS 27 METERS AWAY, 1 MIN WALK, SLOUGH RAILWAY STATION, SLOUGH TOWN CENTRE IS 61 METERS AWAY, 2 MIN WALK. WELLINGTON STREET, SLOUGH TOWN CENTRE IS 93 METERS AWAY, 2 MIN WALK, SLOUGH IS 274 METERS AWAY, 4 MIN WALK.



CONCEPT:

- THE ABCHITECTURAL SOLUTION FOR THE NEW BUS STATION PROVIDES AN UPLIFTING, POSITIVE AND MEMORABLE FIRST AND LAST IMPRESSION OF SLOUGH.
- The site for the bus station lies on a new, key north-south pedestrian route. The scheme concept envisages the creation of a new town square, and so the structural form has to fulfil an important role as a place maker.



- The structures of bus accommodation building and canopy are designed to mediate between pedestrians using the new north-south route and the needs of waiting passengers.
- THE SINGLE STRUCTURAL FORM HAS TO ENCLOSE THE WAITING AREA, WHILE ALSO PROVIDING A CLUTTER FREE PASSENGER ENVIRONMENT.
- STRATEGIC COLUMN LOCATIONS AND ABOH SPRING POINTS ENSURE SEPARATION FROM THE BUS MOVEMENT AREA AND PROVIDE CLEARANCE FOR BUSES.
- VISUAL IMPACT IN TERMS OF SCALE AND RELATIONSHIPS WITH SURROUNDING AREAS WAS A KEY CONSIDERATION
- THIS REQUIRED A DESIGN THAT IS LIGHT AND ELEGANT.
- The wave-shaped form was conceived so as to respond to the differing levels of weather protection required by passengers and buses.
- IN PARTICULAR THE SCHEME SEEKS TO ADD A QUALITY MODERN BUILDING THAT WILL COMPLIMENT THE NEIGHBORING LISTED BUILDINGS.











ST. ETHELBURT'S CHURCH

DESIGN FEATURES:

- SQULPTURE AS DESIGN
 Well-PROPORTIONED AND MODERN
 METALLIC CONFIGURATION
 HIGHLIGHTING & PROGRESSION OF
 DELIGATE UNDULATING ROOF TOP
 SHELTERS AND JOINING & 140M SINCE
 QUITE & WHILE AGO SECURED PERSON
 ON FOOT WALKAWAY THAT
 STRETCHES INTO TOWN.
- LARGE SPAN OF GLASS
 THE ONLY STRAIGHT LINES IN THE PROJECT ARE IN THE GLAZED FACADE WHICH WAS CREATED USING LARGE GEODE-MX62
- MX62 OUBTAIN WALLING THE FRAMEWORK TRAVERSES THE FULL STATURE OF THE PRIMARY FLOOR ON THE NORTH AND SOUTH HEIGHT OF THE SETTLEMENT BUILDING.IT INCLUDES RESPORE HEAD AND LEDGE, AND SPLIT MULLIONS TO INTERFACE WITH THE ALUMINUM CLADDING

PRAMEWORK THAT BENDS IN TWO WAYS.

GEODE-MX62 WINDOW ORNAMENT DIVIDER.

WHICH WAS CREATED TO SUIT BIGGER MEASUREMENTS AND AUGMENT COMMON

LIGHT, PERMITTED GLEAR BANGES OF 6M.

 REDUCING ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING
 LARGER SIZES OF GLASS TO HELP REDUCE THE RELIANCE ON ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING. A MAXIMUM WEIGHT OF 600KG PER TRANSOM IS TO UP TO 400KG FOR STANDARD VISIBLE GEID SYSTEM.

SUGTAINABILITY CREDENTIALS
 IT HAS A BREEAM 'VERY GOOD' BATING, IS HEATED AND GOOLED USING AN ENERGY EXCLUENT HEAT EXCHANGE SYSTEM WITH RIDES BURIED UNDERGROUND AND THE OL

EFFICIENT HEAT EXCHANGE SYSTEM WITH PIPES BURIED UNDERGROUND, AND THE CLADDING TILES ARE MADE FROM ALUMINUM THAT IS 97% RECYCLED. THE CANOPY CLADDING SITS ON LAYERS OF RECYCLED PLASTIC.

THE BUS STATION INCORPORATES GROUND SOURCE HEAT PUMPS, GREY WATER COLLECTION, AND LOW ENERGY LIGHTING USED THROUGHOUT THE SCHEME.

STRUCTURE:

. SLENDER COLUMNS

BANDOM FOREST OF SLENDER COLUMNS SUPPORTS EACH OF THE TRUSSES. THESE WERE DESIGNED TO ACT AS A SINGLE-PINNED SUPPORT AT BOTH THEIR HEAD AND BASE, AND WERE PORTALISED IN THE ORTHOGONAL DIRECTION TO PROVIDE LATERAL STABILITY TO THE TRUSSES. SOME ALSO ACT AS RAINWATER DOWNPIPES.

. FAGADE

THE BUILDING IS CLAD IN ALUMINUM SHINGLES OPEATING A SOFTLY TEXTURED METALLIC SURFACE WHICH CONSTANTLY CHANGES CHARACTER WITH THE VARYING LIGHT CONDITIONS. THIS FINISH ALSO ECHOES THE ROOF TILES OF THE NEARBY LISTED GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY STATION.





SLENDER COLUMNS

FACADE

CIRCULAR SECTION

THE DESIGN PROCESS CONSIDERED FABRICATING THE TRUSSES IN BOTH OPEN SECTION AND IN TUBE, TO ENSURE THE OPTIMUM SOLUTION WAS SELECTED. THE CIRCULAR HOLLOW SECTION CHOSEN WAS SLIGHTLY LIGHTER, AND IT WAS SIGNIFICANTLY EASIER TO DETAIL THE CONNECTION FOR THE CLADDING BRACKETS WHICH DEFINE THE EXTERNAL SURFACE.

. CANOPY

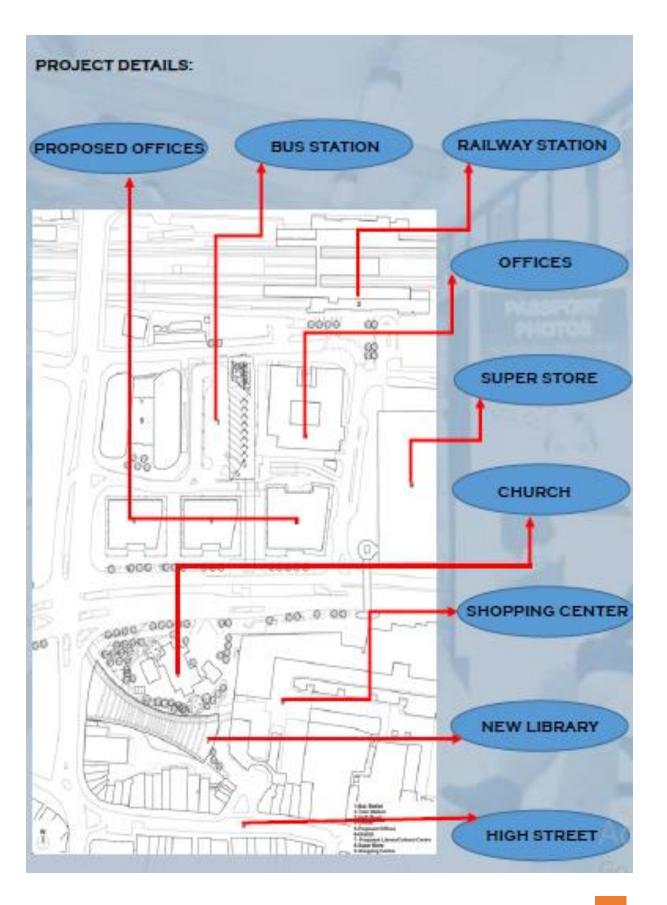
THE SCHEME CONSISTS OF A 130M CANOPY AND PEDESTEIAN WALKWAY ANCHORED AT ITS NORTHERN END WITH A 660M2 ACCOMMODATION BUILDING WHICH LOOKS OUT ONTO THE AIL STATION.

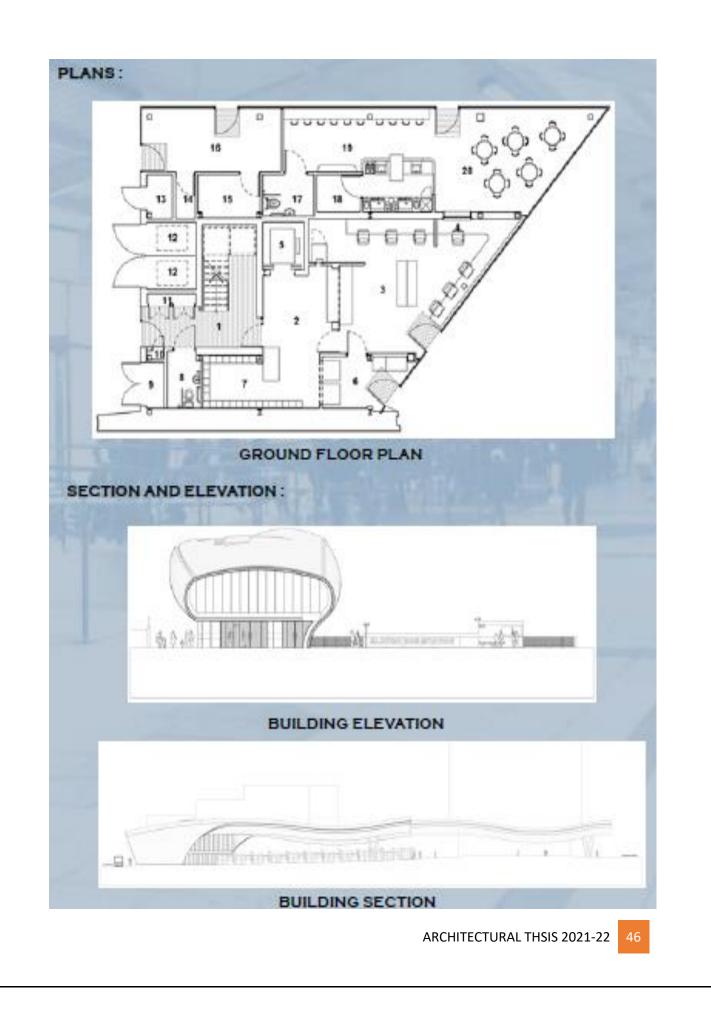


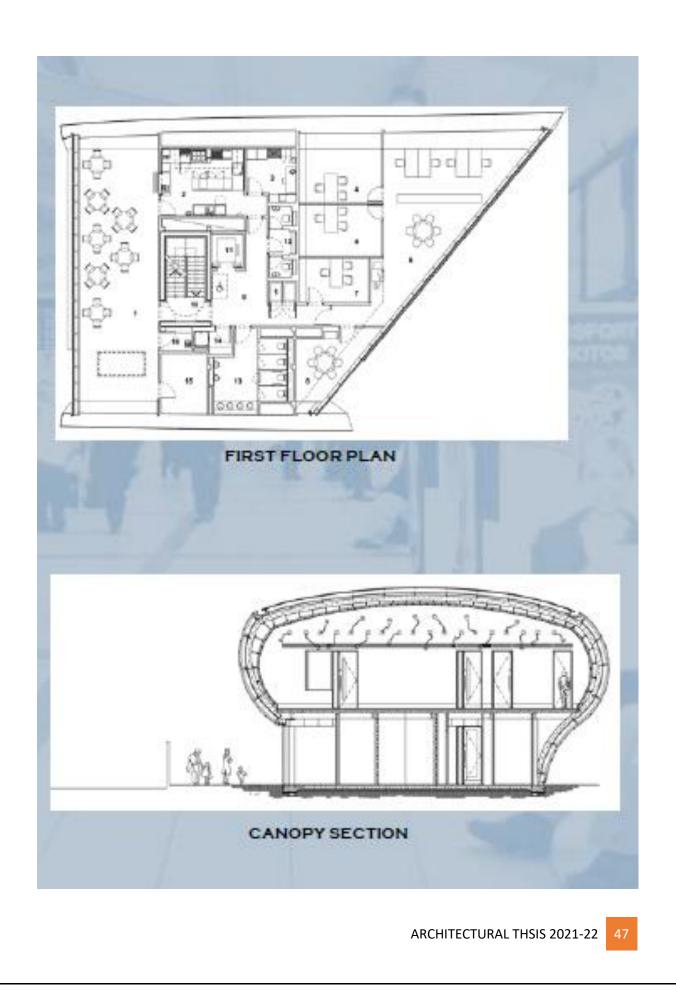
CIRCULAR SECTION



CANOPY







CONCEPT

The key of a successful ISBT is to create a better circulation for heavy vehicles, light vehicles and pedestrian movements. My concept is to create a space which will be able to provide the circulation without any obstruction between vehicles and pedestrian movements. An appropriate space should be provided for the heavy vehicles to avoid any congestion and providing feasible terminals.

Basically the pedestrian and vehicular movement should be segregated to create a safe space for pedestrians and obstruction less movement for the heavy vehicles.

OBJECTIVE

•No conflict in traffic movements. Easy flow of passengers. Areas for respite signage.

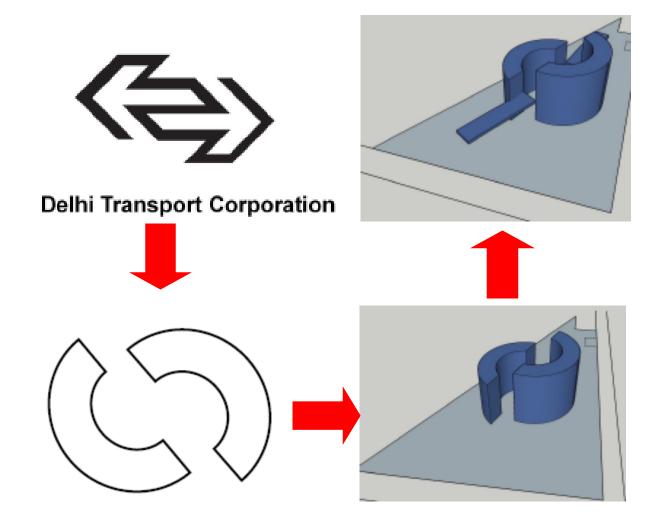
•Responding to the existing environment. Responding to the architectural design.

•Comfort for passenger movement, meeting, convenience places for all age groups, economic brackets and sensitive to disables.

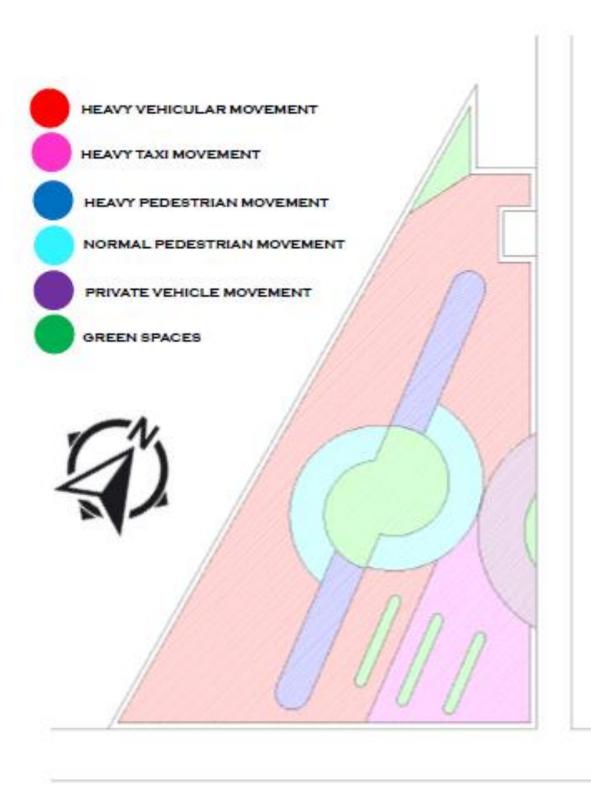
•Creating the aesthetics playing with the grandeur like earlies while keeping the design futuristic.

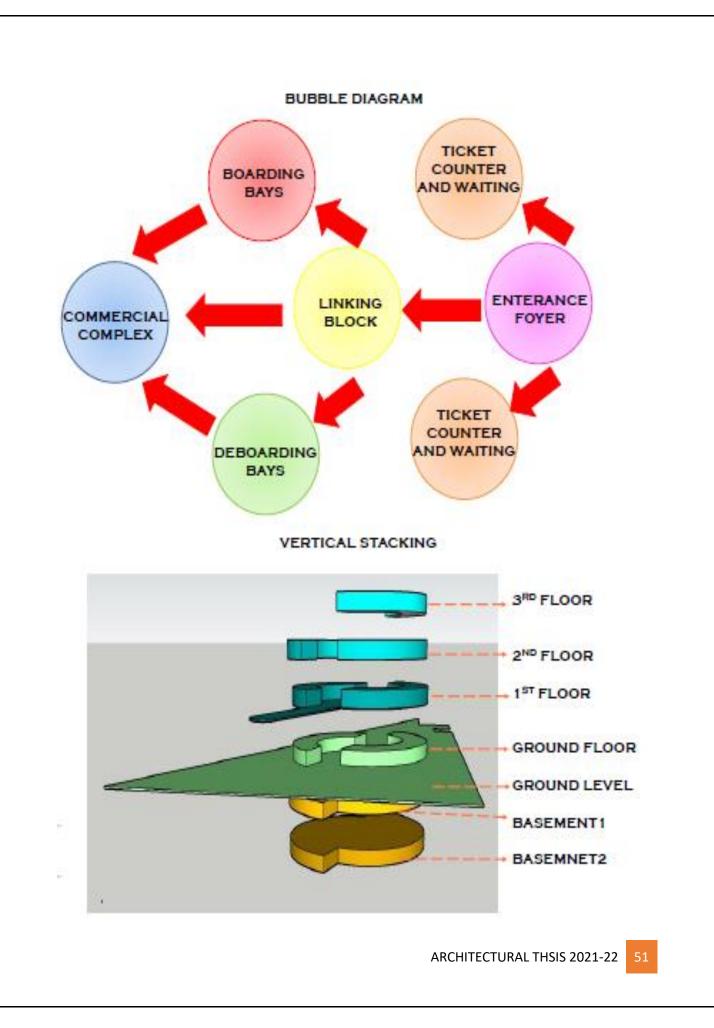
FORM EVOLUTION

The form of the ISBT is evolved from the logo of Delhi Transportation Corporation by curving both the arrows of the logo and adding platforms to each side of the building which separates arrival and departure block

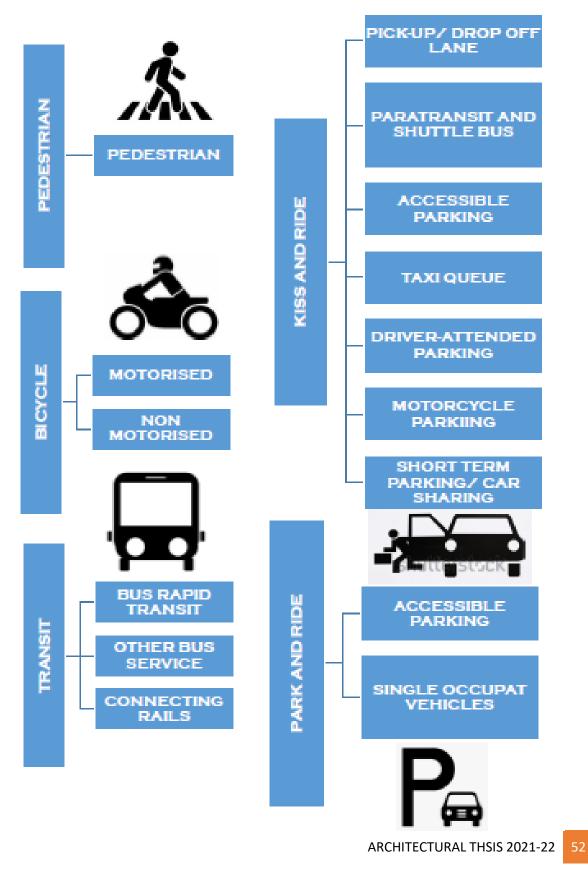


SITE ZONING

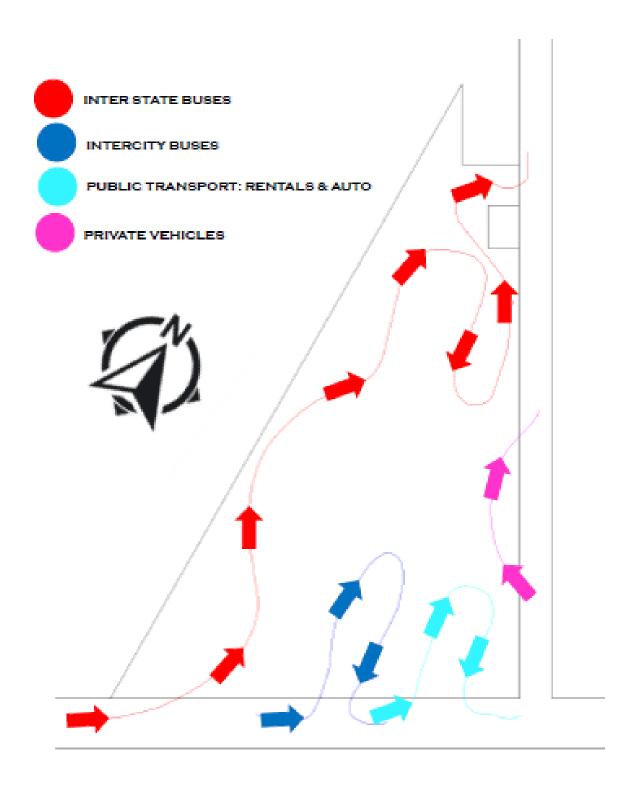




ACCESS HIERARCHY



TRAFFIC FLOW DIGRAM

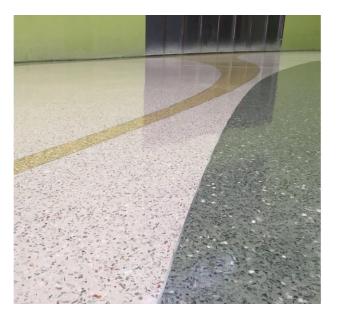


DESIGN CONSIDERATION

•GLASS FAÇADE

Modern building designs and constructions use extensive amount of glass facades. This is mainly due to simplicity of the materials and invention of modern construction methods. **AVG COST-450/SQ.FT.**





•TERAZZO FLOORING

Terrazzo flooring is composed of composite material. It contains any variety of mixture of aggregate chips like stone or marble and either epoxy resin or concrete. Floors done with terrazzo are comparatively light and durable as they come. AVG COST-35-1000/SQ.FT.

AREA ANALYSIS

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|-------------|----------|------------|
| | BUS CI | REW | |
| 1. | REST ROOMS | 1 | 225 |
| 2. | CANTEEN | 1 | 150 |
| з. | DORMITORIES | 1 | 200 |
| 4. | TOILETS | 1 | 30 |
| | TOTAL | | 605 |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|-----------------|----------|------------|
| | OFFIC | CE | |
| 1. | I.S.B.T OFFICES | 2 | 1800 |
| 2. | CANTEEN | 1 | 2250 |
| з. | TOILETS | 6 | 300 |
| 4. | SERVICES | | 500 |
| | TOTAL | | 4850 |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTALAREA |
|-------|-------------------|----------|-----------|
| | SERVI | CES | |
| 1. | GENRATOR ROOM | 1 | 300 |
| 2. | A/C PLANT ROOM | 1 | 500 |
| з. | PUMP ROOM | 1 | 150 |
| 4. | FIRE HYDRANT ROOM | 3 | 240 |
| TOTAL | | | 1190 |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|---------------------|----------|------------|
| | ENTERANO | CE HALL | |
| 1. | TICKET COUNTER | 20 | 100 |
| 2. | QUEUING AREA | 20 | 750 |
| З. | INFORMATION DESK | 1 | 7.5 |
| 4. | PUBLIC TOILETS (M) | 1 | 28.5 |
| 5. | PUBLIC TOILETS (F) | 1 | 30 |
| 6 | CAFETERIA | 1 | 30 |
| 7. | A.T.M. | з | 7.5 |
| 8. | LOBBY AREA | 1 | 300 |
| 9. | SERVICES | 1 | 300 |
| TOTAL | | | 1553 |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| | DEPARTU | RE BAY | |
| 1. | PLATFORM | 1 | 4000 |
| 2. | ENQUIREY AREA | 1 | 5 |
| З. | PUBLIC TOILETS (M) | 1 | 28.5 |
| 4. | PUBLIC TOILETS (F) | 1 | 30 |
| 5. | KIOSKS | з | 36 |
| 6. | SERVICES | 1 | 200 |
| | TOTAL | | 4299 |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|------------------------|----------|------------|
| | WAITIN | IG HALL | |
| 1. | GENERAL | 1 | 1600 |
| 2. | LADIES | 1 | 500 |
| з. | DELUX | 1 | 600 |
| 4. | PUBLIC TOILETS (M) | 1 | 28.5 |
| 5. | PUBLIC TOILETS (F) | 1 | 30 |
| 6 | FOOD COUURT | 1 | 250 |
| 6.1. | KITCHEN AND STORAGE | 1 | 36 |
| 8. | KIOSKS | 5 | 60 |
| 9. | A.T.M. | 3 | 7.5 |
| 10. | SERVICES | 1 | 300 |
| | TOTAL | 3412 | |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|-----------------------|----------|------------|
| | ARRIV | AL BAY | |
| 1. | PLATFORM | 1 | 4400 |
| 2. | ENQUIREY AREA | 1 | 5 |
| з. | PUBLIC TOILETS (M) | 1 | 28.5 |
| 4. | PUBLIC TOILETS (F) | 1 | 30 |
| 5. | KIOSKS | 3 | 36 |
| 6. | SERVICES | 1 | 200 |
| | TOTAL | | 4699 |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| | DORMOT | ODIES | |
| | | | |
| 1. | RECEPTION /LOBBY | 1 | 6 |
| 2. | MEN ROOMS | 1 | 320 |
| з. | MEN TOILETS | 1 | 16.5 |
| 4. | LADIES ROOMS | 1 | 200 |
| 5. | LADIES TOILETS | 1 | 20 |
| 6 | FAMILY ROOMS | 10 | 200 |
| 7. | FAMILY TOILETS | 10 | 50 |
| 8. | EATING ROOM | 1 | 150 |
| 9. | KITCHEN AREA | 1 | 24 |
| 10. | STORAGE | 1 | 60 |
| 11. | MISCELLANEOUS | | 200 |
| | TOTAL | 1 | 1246 |
| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
| | COMMERCI | AL AREA | |
| 1. | SHOPS | 50 | |
| 2. | RENTABLE OFFICES | 10 | |
| з. | ENTERANCE LOBBY | 1 | |
| 4. | PUBLIC TOILETS (F) | 3 | |
| 5. | PUBLIC TOILETS (M) | з | |
| 6. | SERVICES | 1 | |
| | TOTAL | | |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| | TOURIST INFORM | MATION AREA | L |
| 1. | LOBBY & INFO DESK | 1 | 300 |
| 2. | ADMIN AREA | 1 | 10 |
| З. | CYBER CAFE | 2 | 450 |
| 4. | MONEY EXCHANGE | 3 | 12 |
| 5. | A.T.M. | 3 | 7.5 |
| 6 | PUBLIC TOILETS (M) | 1 | 28.5 |
| 7. | PUBLIC TOILETS (F) | 1 | 30 |
| | TOTAL | | 838 |

| S.NO. | ACTIVITY | QUANTITY | TOTAL AREA |
|-------|-------------------|-----------|------------|
| | COMMUTER F | ACILITIES | |
| 1. | BANK | 1 | 600 |
| 2. | FIRST AID ROOM | 1 | 70 |
| 3. | FIRE CONTROL ROOM | 1 | 37.5 |
| 4. | CLOAK ROOM | 4 | 240 |
| 5. | POLICE POST | 2 | 100 |
| 6 | CAFETERIA | 1 | 500 |
| | TOTAL | | 1547 |

REFERENCES

Links-

- <u>http://www.dwarkawala.com/dwarka-to-get-its-own-isbt-and-much-more/#:~:text=The%20project%20will%20be%20the,reaching%20their%20offices%20on%20time</u>.
- <u>https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/city/delhi/for-now-a-</u> <u>smaller-version-of-dwarka-isbt/articleshow/66901777.cms</u>
- https://www.dimts.in/tenders/Inter120608.pdf
- <u>http://119.226.139.196/planning/docs/Zone-</u>
 <u>K%20(part)%20Dwarka%20subsity.pdf</u>
- https://dda.org.in/planning.aspx
- https://issuu.com/smritigupta04/docs/thesis_report

Thesis-

- Sumit Verma, DCRUST
- Rijul Nayal, Gateway College of Architecture and Design
- Smriti Gupta, Gateway College of Architecture and Design